Appendix 8: Anonymised need and risk assessment of current residents of Caddington Hall

- 1. The Local Authority has given serious consideration to the impact upon residents of any decision to close Caddington Hall. In light of this, a Social Worker has assessed the risks associated with a move to a new home for each of the ten remaining residents at Caddington Hall between 22.06.15 and 29.06.15 to establish the impact of the move on individuals. It is important to note that the risks referred to in this document solely relate to relocating the residents if the Executive approve the recommendation to close Caddington Hall and relocation is therefore necessary. If the Executive does approve the recommendation to close Caddington Hall then at that point an updated care and support needs assessment of each resident would take place.
- 2. It is widely recognised that the following factors increase the vulnerability of residents when considering relocation:
 - a) complex physical health needs
 - b) high waterlow score (This refers to the risk of skin breakdown which is exacerbated by incontinence and immobility. A high waterlow score increases the risk of pressure sores)
 - c) high MUST score (This refers to the risk of inadequate nutritional and weight loss)
 - d) high Body Mass Index
 - e) moving and handling risks
 - f) sensory impairments
 - g) risk of Urinary Tract Infection (UTI, which increases confusion)
 - h) whether the resident had a recent deterioration in health
 - i) whether they had the capacity to choose where to move to
 - j) anxiety/depression
 - k) diagnosis of dementia and confusion
 - I) risk of isolation
 - m) behavioural concerns
 - n) concerns of health professionals
- 3. These risk factors have been used to form the basis of a risk assessment template which has been completed for each resident by a Social Worker. Each resident was personally involved and views were also sought from their family and appropriate health professionals. The residents were given a risk score of low, medium or high for each risk factor and then mitigating measures were identified to minimise the risks and a new risk score was generated based on these mitigating measures being in place.
- 4. The table below is an anonymised summary of the individual risk assessments of the residents in Caddington Hall. The table shows all the mitigation measures to consider for each risk factor but those used for each resident if a there is a decision to close would be tailored to their personal circumstances and their needs.
- 5. Prior to identifying mitigating measures, five of the residents were assessed overall as being at high risk, two at medium risk and three at low risk. The proposed mitigation measures outlined below are intended to act as a protection to the residents' health and well being, prior to, during and following a move. With the mitigation measures in place, it reduces the risk of those with high risk score to a medium score and those assessed at medium risk to a low score. This is not to say that circumstances of individuals cannot change. The physical and mental well being of all residents and the risks associated with the move will continue to be monitored prior to and in the months following a move. The welfare of residents will continue to inform decisions about the relocation process.

igating Measure	Risk L	Level fo	r each r	esident	if all rel	evant m	itigation	n measui	es unde	rtaken		
	(L = Low, M = Medium or H = High)											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
Any deterioration in resident's health to be reported by the current home manager to the GP for the GP to investigate prior to move. For residents whose health is a concern the GP is to advise whether they are stable/safe to be moved. Care needed when moving residents so not to increase pain. GP's advice to be sought regarding pain management where required. Medication and patient summary to be transferred with resident on day of move. Resident to be registered with new GP on day of move. For residents that are incontinent ensure incontinence pads are worn during the move and the correct incontinence pads are available in the new home. For residents with blood pressure problems ensure that blood pressure is measured prior to the move and immediately following the move. Advice from	L	M	L	L	L	L	M	L	L	L		
that individual. Staff in new home to be made aware through												
Fo tha an GP tha Sta de	r residents with blood pressure problems ensure at blood pressure is measured prior to the move d immediately following the move. Advice from to be sought if outside the normal range for at individual.	r residents with blood pressure problems ensure at blood pressure is measured prior to the move d immediately following the move. Advice from to be sought if outside the normal range for at individual. aff in new home to be made aware through tailed care plans of complex health needs and	r residents with blood pressure problems ensure at blood pressure is measured prior to the move d immediately following the move. Advice from to be sought if outside the normal range for at individual. aff in new home to be made aware through tailed care plans of complex health needs and	r residents with blood pressure problems ensure at blood pressure is measured prior to the move d immediately following the move. Advice from to be sought if outside the normal range for at individual. aff in new home to be made aware through tailed care plans of complex health needs and	r residents with blood pressure problems ensure at blood pressure is measured prior to the move d immediately following the move. Advice from to be sought if outside the normal range for at individual. aff in new home to be made aware through tailed care plans of complex health needs and	r residents with blood pressure problems ensure at blood pressure is measured prior to the move d immediately following the move. Advice from to be sought if outside the normal range for at individual. aff in new home to be made aware through tailed care plans of complex health needs and	r residents with blood pressure problems ensure at blood pressure is measured prior to the move d immediately following the move. Advice from to be sought if outside the normal range for at individual. aff in new home to be made aware through tailed care plans of complex health needs and	r residents with blood pressure problems ensure at blood pressure is measured prior to the move d immediately following the move. Advice from to be sought if outside the normal range for at individual. aff in new home to be made aware through tailed care plans of complex health needs and	r residents with blood pressure problems ensure at blood pressure is measured prior to the move d immediately following the move. Advice from to be sought if outside the normal range for at individual. If in new home to be made aware through tailed care plans of complex health needs and	r residents with blood pressure problems ensure at blood pressure is measured prior to the move d immediately following the move. Advice from to be sought if outside the normal range for at individual. If in new home to be made aware through tailed care plans of complex health needs and		

High	Continue monitoring skin integrity and ensure	L	M	L	L	M	L	M	M	M	L	Ī
Waterlow	barrier creams are used when appropriate.											
score?	A new assessment for pressure relieving											
	equipment to take place prior to the move by the											
	OT/Community Matron.											
	Community Matron to give advice on specific											
	treatment regarding pressure sores.											
	 Pressure relieving equipment and barrier creams 											
	required by the individual to be in place for											
	transporting to new residence.											
	 Incontinence pads to worn during the move and 											
	be in situ in new residence prior to or on transfer.											

High MUST score?	Any sudden decrease in weight prior to the move to be flagged up with the GP for advice.	М	М	L	L	L	L	М	L	L	L
30016:	 For residents that are at risk of weight loss, staff in 										
	the new home to continue to monitor the										
	resident's food and fluid intake and weight.										
	Provide with nutritional supplements if required										
	and inform GP if there is further decline.										
	Where required, staff in the new home to										
	continue to prompt residents with eating and										
	drinking to ensure proper nutritional intake.										
	Recommendations from the SALT (Speech and										
	Language Team) to be put in place and										
	incorporated into the new care plan where there										
	are concerns regarding resident's ability to										
	swallow.										
	New home to be made aware of the any specific										
	dietary requirements of residents, such as										
	diabetes.										
	New home to be made aware of current needs-										
	e.g. soft diet, Complan and continue with this to										
	reduce nutritional risks.										
	Staff in new home to be made aware of dietary										
	preferences and dislikes. Residents to be involved										
	in discussing their preferences with new staff,										
	where possible.										
High BMI?	Staff in the new home to continue to monitor BMI	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	of resident where this is a concern.										
	Any concerns about weight loss to be reported to										
	the GP/dietician.										
	Referral to dietician if BMI increases into the										
	overweight or underweight category.										

Mobility	•	A full Occupational Therapy (OT) risk and moving	L	М	L	М	М	L	М	L	М	L
risks:		and handling assessment to take place prior to the										
falls/non		move. This will inform any equipment needs to										
weight		transfer residents to the new residence and										
bearing?		equipment needed in the new home.										
	•	Physiotherapist to be involved in assessing										
		mobility and ongoing physiotherapy requirements										
		as appropriate prior to move										
	•	Equipment (e.g. hoists, safety mats) to be in situ in										
		the new home prior to transfer.										
	•	Staff in the new home to familiarise residents with										
		their new environment to help minimise confusion										
		and the risk of falls.										
	•	Measures need to be in place within the home to										
		minimise risk of falls on stairs etc. whilst retaining										
		freedom of movement.										
	•	Resident to be facilitated to continue with daily										
		routines and exercise following the move to help										
		retain muscle strength and independence.										
	•	OT to review equipment following the move to										
		ensure that it is meeting the resident's needs.										
Visual	•	In preparation for the move, enlarged photos	L	L	L	M	L	L	L	M	L	L
impairment?		could be provided of the staff, room and shared										
		areas in the new home.										
	•	For residents that wear glasses ensure that their										
		glasses are transported with them on the day of										
		transfer.										
	•	Staff and family to provide extra reassurance to										
		residents with limited vision during the transfer to										
		the new home. Reassurance could come through										
		explaining what is happening as it happens.			1							
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	•	Once in the new home, staff should help residents with impaired vision to familiarise themselves with the layout of the new building. Residents with limited vision to have their room layout as similar as possible to their current room.										
Hearing impairment?	•	New home to be aware of the residents that are hearing impaired. On the day of relocation, staff and family to explain to residents with hearing impairments what is happening and ensure they can hear them. New home to be aware of residents that require them to adapt how they communicate with them to ensure that the resident can hear and understand them. Ensure that all residents that use hearing aids have their hearing aids in and operational on day of move and that spare batteries go with them to new residence.	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
History of Urinary Tract Infection (UTI)? Current UTI?	•	Staff to continue to monitor for UTI in all residents, but especially for those susceptible to UTIs. No relocation to take place if a resident has a UTI until treatment has been completed to minimise distress and confusion. Staff in the new home to continue to ensure that residents that are susceptible to UTIs are hydrated and to regularly monitor for UTIs.	L	М	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L

Has the resident's health deteriorated recently?	•	For residents whose health is a concern, the GP is to carry out a full medical assessment prior to move to advise whether residents are medically stable to be moved. Staff to continue to monitor resident's health and GP to be informed if sudden deterioration in health.	L	M	L	M	L	L	М	L	L	L
Has the person capacity to choose where to move?	•	A Mental Capacity assessment to be carried out for all residents with regards to the move. If it is deemed, following a Mental Capacity assessment, that a resident does not have capacity to choose where to move (even with support), a decision will need to be made in their best interests with the involvement of family, where possible. An Independent Mental Capacity Advocate (IMCA) may need to be appointed if a resident does not have capacity to choose where to move and there are no family involved who can support with decision making. A Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS) authorisation will need to be requested by new home if a resident lacks capacity. Residents that have capacity to decide where they move to are to be given information about alternative residencies and to be supported by staff, social worker and next of kin/ family members (where appropriate) in making informed choices.	L	L	L	M	M	L	M	L	L	L

	 Wherever possible resident's views about the move (when and how it should take place, their belongings etc.) should be sought and included in the preparation to move, to help them retain control and independence over their new environment. Resident's and relative's views should also be sought following the move so that any issues can be resolved. 										
Anxiety/ depression/ paranoia?		M	M	L	M	L	M	L	L	L	L

	 GP to be consulted regarding referral to counselling following the move if appropriate. A move to a new social environment could have a positive impact on some residents and decrease some resident's need for reassurance in the longer term. 										
Dementia/ confusion?	 Staff to monitor residents for signs of confusion prior to or immediately following the move and to seek the advice of the GP if needed. Ensure residents are kept informed and involved in decision making about the move as far as possible. If they are confused, speak to them again at another time of day/on another day. Staff from the new home could get to know the residents prior to the move. Provide photos in advance of the new staff and the new home to try to familiarise residents with them prior to the move. Family or a familiar staff member to accompany residents to the new residence. Residents could benefit from a keyworker from the new home to bond with. Reassurance could come from laying out a resident's new room in familiar way. Having access to music/TV programmes they like or items of comfort in the new home. 	L	M	L	M	M	L	M	L	L	L
Behavioural Concerns?	 On the day of the move, additional time to be given to staff to carry out resident's personal care and to prepare them for the move. Staff to explain to residents what is happening and to reassure them. 	М	M	L	M	L	L	M	L	L	L

Risk of isolation as a result of the move?	•	routine, as far as possible, to minimise distress. Staff in new home to be aware of strategies employed by staff in existing home to manage behavioural concerns of residents. Staff to monitor if there are any changes in behaviour immediately prior to the move or following the move which will need support/addressing. The development of any behavioural concerns prior to or immediately following the move to be flagged up with health professionals. New care staff to meet residents prior to moving. To alleviate stress, someone familiar should go with residents on the day of the move and immediately after. Enable residents to move together if they wish to and it is safe to do so. Lifestory work should be undertaken to identify resident's interests and new staff should try to incorporate these into the daily routines of residents as far as possible. Staff at the new homes should facilitate residents that are at risk of isolation to meet other residents at the home.	L	M	L	M	L	M	L	L	L	L
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	•	Continuing activities the residents enjoy in the new home will help to promote familiarity. Staff could engage in one to one activities with residents if they do not like to be in large groups.										
Are there concerns from health professional s regarding the move	•	For residents whose health is a concern the GP is to carry out a full medical assessment prior to move to determine whether residents are physically stable enough to be moved. Resident's physical and mental well being to continue to be monitored by staff and health professionals prior to and in the months following the move.	M	L	L	М	L	L	М	L	M	L
Any other concerns?										L		